GETTING STARTED

GTA NSW/ACT Webinar

PROGRAMMING

Programming is an important process in the teaching, learning and assessment cycle. It enables teachers to plan for the delivery of syllabus content, cater for the diversity of student learning needs and improve student learning outcomes in a particular year and/or stage. Programming is the process of selecting and sequencing learning experiences which enable students to engage with syllabus outcomes and develop subject specific skills and knowledge. The process of programming is typically shared and offers an opportunity for collaboration, professional reflection and evaluation.

Teaching and learning programs are a record of planned learning experiences. Programs:

- reflect the needs, interests and abilities of students
- are based on syllabus outcomes and include a variety of teaching, learning and embedded assessment activities, strategies and resources to address the learning needs of all students
- are flexible and dynamic documents that change in response to student learning needs, school context, teacher evaluation and feedback
- include adjustments for students with disability
- reflect school and sector priorities, values and initiatives
- are a record of how syllabus requirements are met.

PROGRAMS

ration. d practices. <u>-works-best-evidence-</u> 1ance

https://educationstandards.nsw.ed u.au/wps/portal/nesa/k-10/understanding-thecurriculum/programming

Content	Teaching and Learning (including differentiation)	Evidence of learning/ Feedback/ formative assessment	Resources	Teaching Register		
 Biomes investigate the distribution and physical characteristics of biomes, for example: (ACHGK060) examination of the spatial distribution of biomes IM ST identification of biomes used to produce food, industrial materials and fibres VR ■ explanation of the impact of the climate, soils and vegetation of a biome on its productivity GS VR ** III 	think, wonder routine. (Discussion with students to illicit information about biome patterns 		Taught on Adjusted by		
	□ In groups students are allocated a biome and complete a table on the main characteristics, biodiversity level, animal and plant life including adaptations. Students present their findings of their biome to the class.	 Verbal feedback provided, after groups present their findings 	Refer to CANVAS Worksheet / Table			
	Differentiation: Biomes are allocated based on extending and providing adjustments to different student groups. Extension group are allocated tundra and lower ability groups are allocated tropical rainforests. NCCD Adjustment: Sentence starters and allocation of easier biome (Check completion of table and provide feedback on language used. 				
	□ List, Sort, Elaborate protocol - students individually list reasons why biomes are different on post it notes, in small groups they sort their ideas (matching common ideas), and elaborate on their ideas. Students present their ideas to the class.	 Verbal feedback provided after groups present their findings 	Post It Notes			
	□ In small groups students complete an elevator pitch on which identifies the biome is the best suited for food production and justifies their response. NCCD Adjustment: List of biomes provided and access to biomes table (in the production of the provided and access to biomes table (in the production of the provided and access to biomes table (in the production of the provided and access to biomes table (in the production of the provided and access to biomes table (in the production of the pr	 Completion of group vision board of ideas Verbal feedback provided after groups present their findings 	Collins, D., et. al. (2016) Insight Geography Stage 5, Oxford, Melbourne. p.75			

ADVICE ON SCOPE AND SEQUENCES

There will be variations in scope and sequences reflecting the differences in school contexts and student needs, abilities and interests.

Elements of a scope and sequence for secondary schools include:

- title of each unit
- sequence of each unit for the year/stage
- duration of each unit
- syllabus outcomes included in each unit (these are commonly represented by outcomes codes)
- any specific-subject requirements (for example, text requirements, student research projects, a site study or time allocated to major aspects of a course)
- additional information based on common practice in particular subject areas or particular school requirements.

Where Life Skills outcomes are being integrated or taught concurrently, they should also be included in the scope and sequence.

There will be variations in scope and sequences arising from the differences in course structures and syllabus requirements.

SCOPE AND SEQUENCE DOCUMENTS

https://educationstandards.nsw .edu.au/wps/portal/nesa/k-10/understanding-thecurriculum/programming/advic e-on-scope-and-sequences

Stage 5: Year 10 Scope & Sequence 2020 Geography

Term	Weeks	Topic + Outcomes	Assessment & other information	
	1	Environmental Change		
	2	GE5-2, GE5-3, GE5-7, GE5-8		
	3	MEDC (Australian) food production		
	4	GE5-2, GE5-3, GE4-5, GE5-7, GE5-8	Week 3: Assessment Task 1	
1	5	023-2, 023-3, 024-3, 023-7, 023-8		
	6			
29 January - 08 April	7			
29 January - 08 April 2020	8	Review biomes with conservation	Week 8: Assessment Task 2	
2020	9	GE5-2, GE5-3, GE5-7, GE5-8	(Block)	
	10		Semester 1 Reports due Thurs	
	11		26 th Mark 8:30am – Week 9	
	1	World views affecting management		
	2	GE5-4, GE5-5, GE5-7, GE5-8	Year 10 Subject Selection Night -	
2	3		Thu 14 th May	
	4	Case study: Mountain Pigmy Possum GE5-4, GE5-5, GE5-7, GE5-8		
	5	Geographic Skills: Topographic Maps	Year 10 Parent Teacher Night	
27 April – 26 June	6	GE5-7	Thursday 4 th June (Week 6)	
2020	7	Environmental Management Systems		
	8	GE5-4, GE5-5, GE5-7, GE5-8		
	9			
	1	Comparative Mammal Study		
	2	GE5-4, GE5-5, GE5-7, GE5-8	Week 2: Assessment Task 3	
3	3			
	4		Week 5: Assessment Task 4	
20 July -	5			
17 September 2020	6		Week 5: Year 10 Exam Block	
	7		17 - 21 August	
	8		Week 7: Work Experience	
	9		31 August – 4th Sept	
			ST Mugust - 4 Sept	
			Week 7: Semester 2 Reports due	
			Friday 4th Sept 8:30am	
	4	COTED Courses	2010 Desent Tereber Micht 21rt	

SCOPE AND SEQUENCE DOCUMENTS

YEAR 10 LESSON STARTERS

- Engaging case studies
- Visible thinking routines

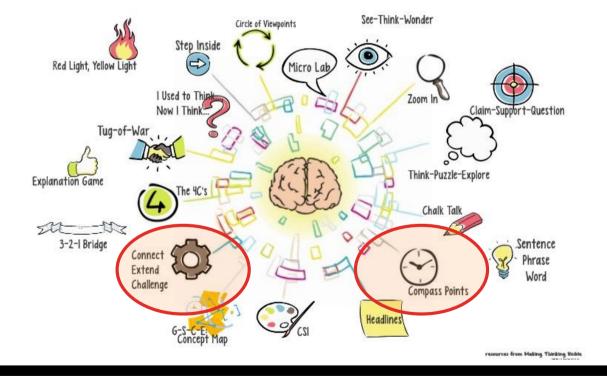
ENGAGING CASE STUDIES

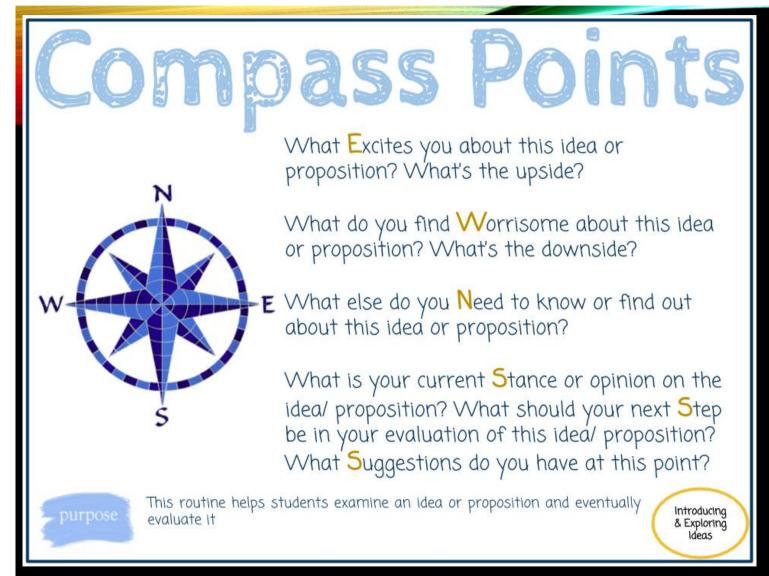




VISIBLE THINKING ROUTINES

visible thinking routines





- e.g. Use with food security solutions with the sustainable biomes unit.
- <u>https://www.youtu</u>
 <u>be.com/watch?v=</u>
 <u>euTBQOrpOmM</u>

Connect - Extend - Challenge



How are the ideas and information presented **<u>connected</u>** to what you already knew?

What new ideas did you get that <u>extended</u> or broadened your thinking in new directions?



What <u>challenges</u> or puzzles have come up in your mind from the ideas and information presented?

purpose

This routine helps learners make connections between new ideas and prior knowledge. It also encourages them to take stock of ongoing questions, puzzles and difficulties as they reflect on what they are learning.

Synthesising & Organising Ideas e.g. Use with Ecosystem Management and Protection topic to start exploring bushfire management