EARTH'S FOREST LOSS **Over The Last** 10,000 Years



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This slideshow visualizes how one-third of the Earth's forests have been lost.





Earth's Surface by Type

consider the Earth's surface as a whole:

Earth's surface by type in hectares

The vast majority of the Earth's surface is made up of uninhabitable ocean, glaciers, and barren land.

Ocean 71% 36.1B

Glaciers 3% 1.5B

The vast majority is concentrated in Antarctica.



Habitable 10.6B21%

Before looking at forest loss, it's important to

Barren 6% | 2.8B

Includes deserts, salt flats, exposed rocks, and dunes.

Let's look at how the planet's habitable land has evolved over the last 10,000 years.





10,000 years ago

Grassland 42% | 4.6B Wild grassland and shrubs.

Freshwater 1% | ~150M Lakes and rivers.



+++++ Present

Forest 57% | 6.0B

Includes tropical, temperate, and boreal forests.







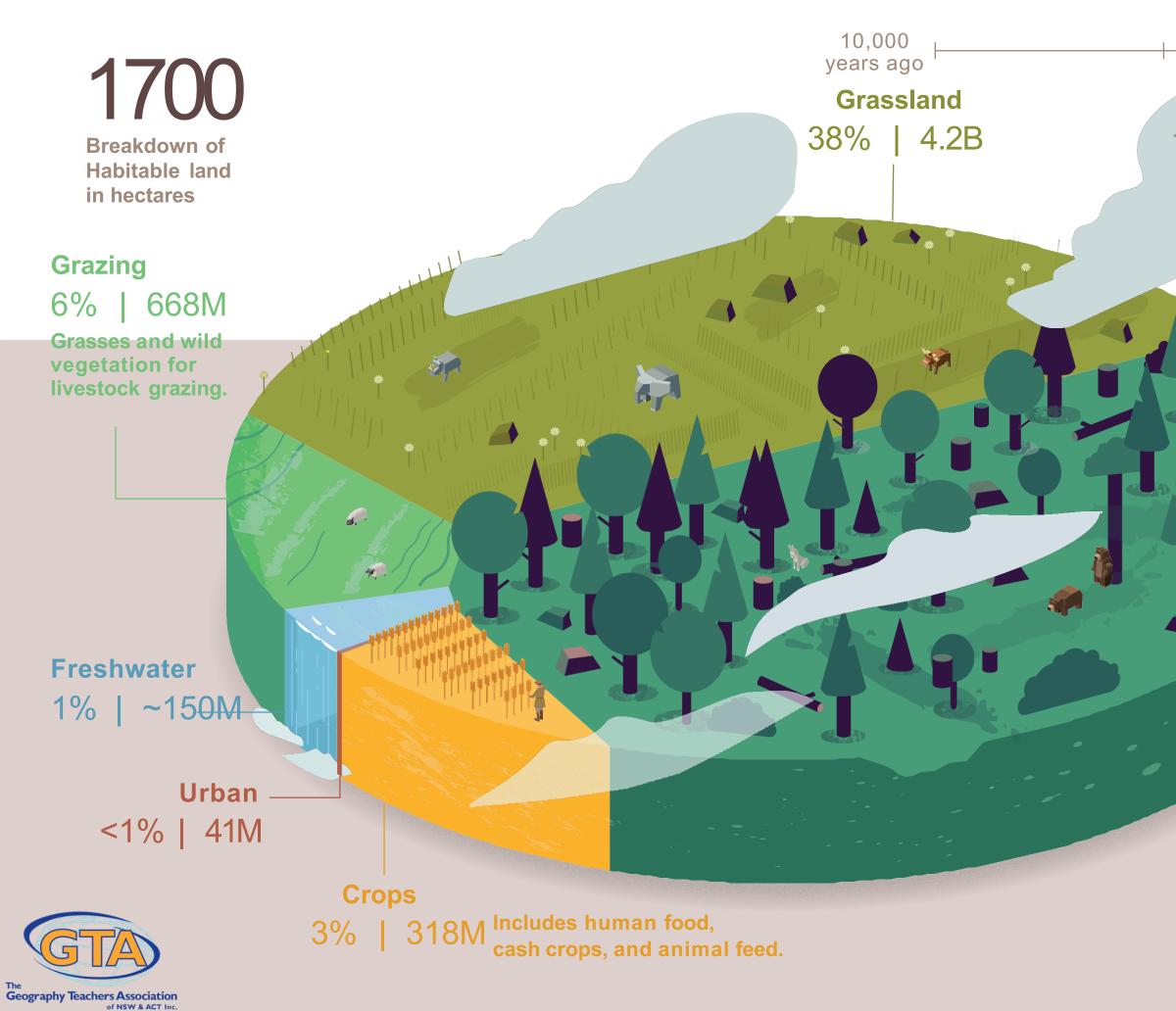
The first major human civilizations were formed in river valleys suitable for early agriculture around 5000–8000 years ago.

++++++Present

With only three major civilizations in Egypt, Mesopotamia, and the Indus Valley, most of the world's land remained unused.

Forest 55% | 5.8B



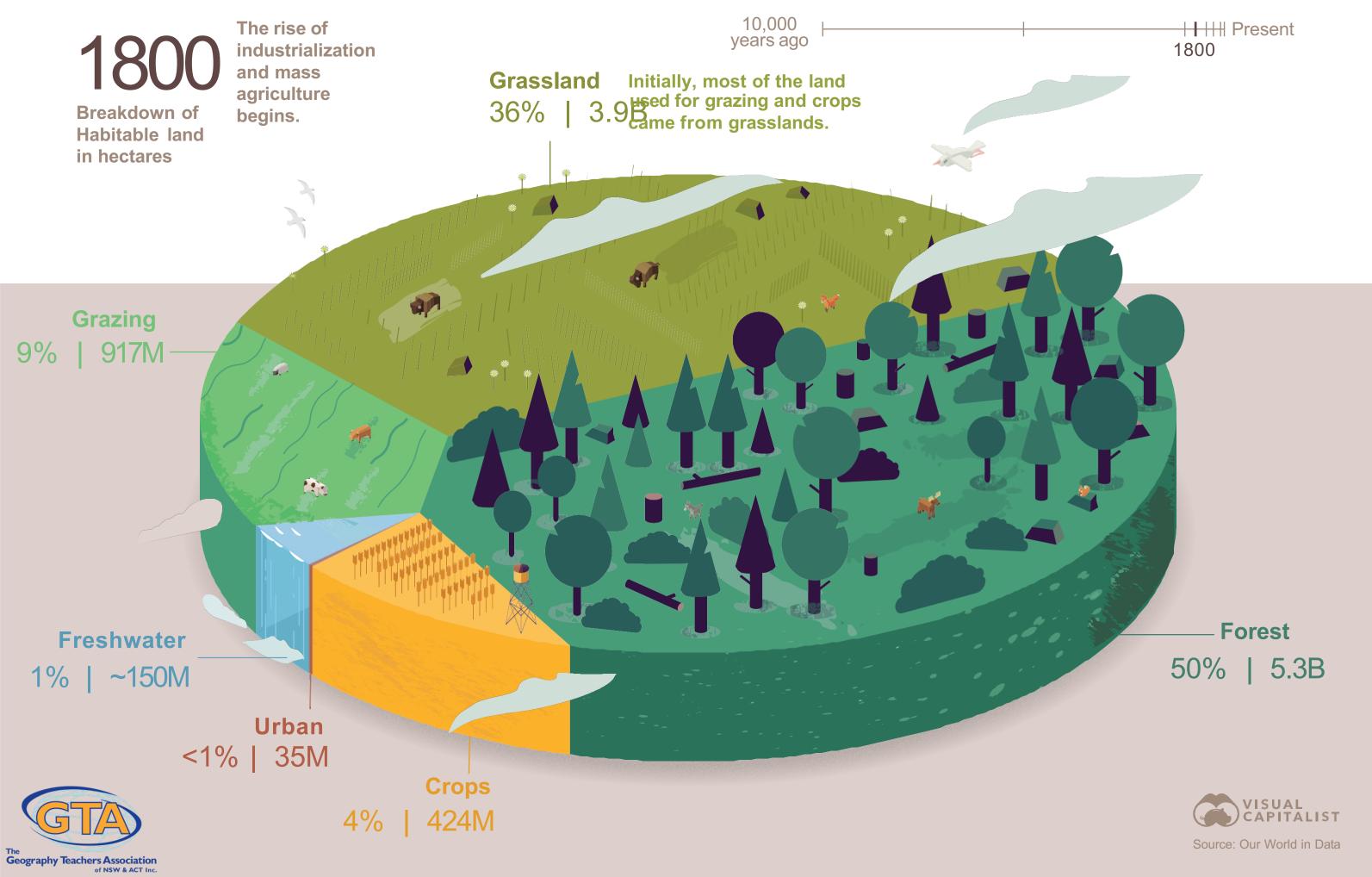


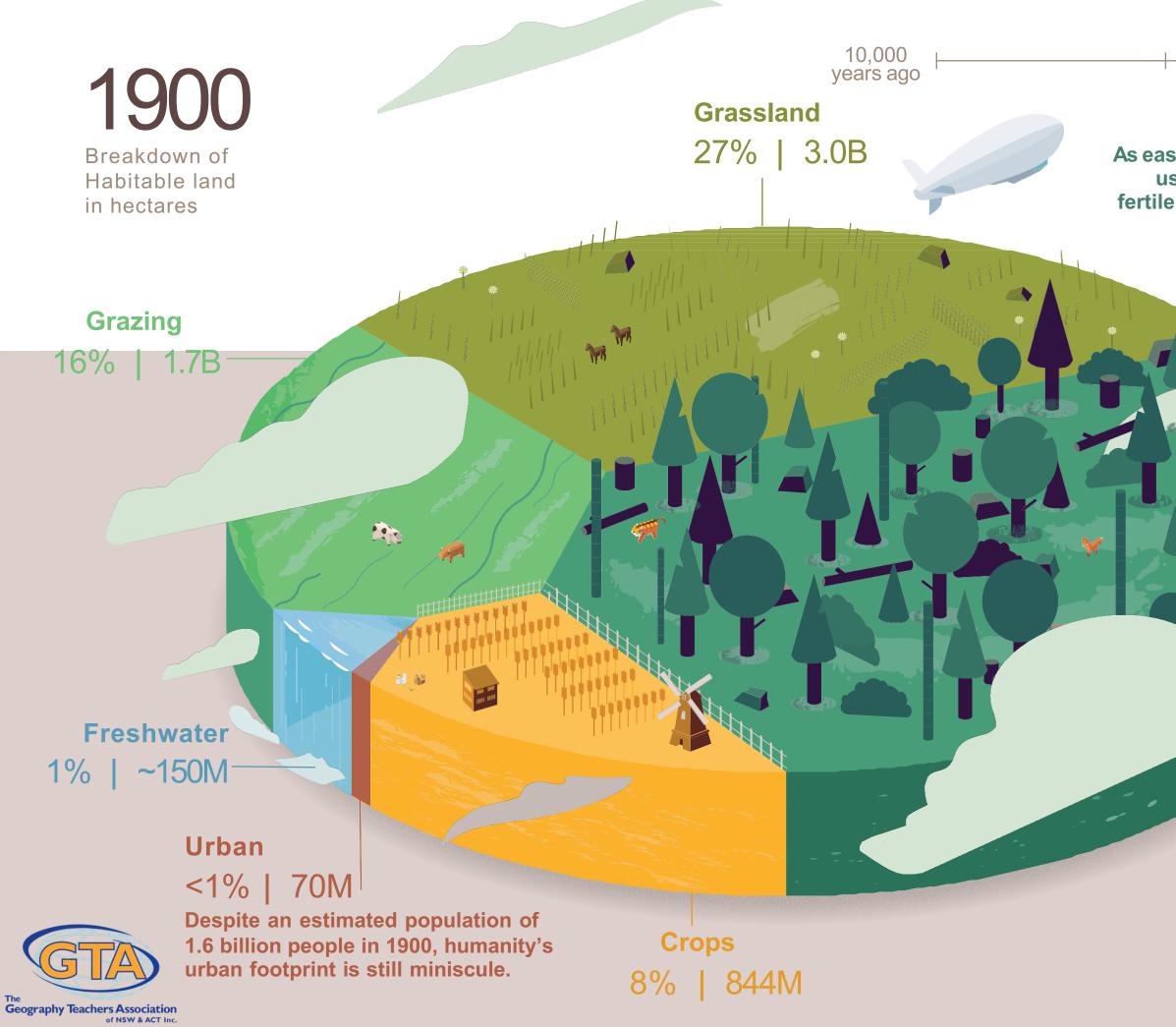


The spread of civilizations and repurposing of land for agriculture becomes apparent on a macro scale.

----- Forest 52% | 5.5B





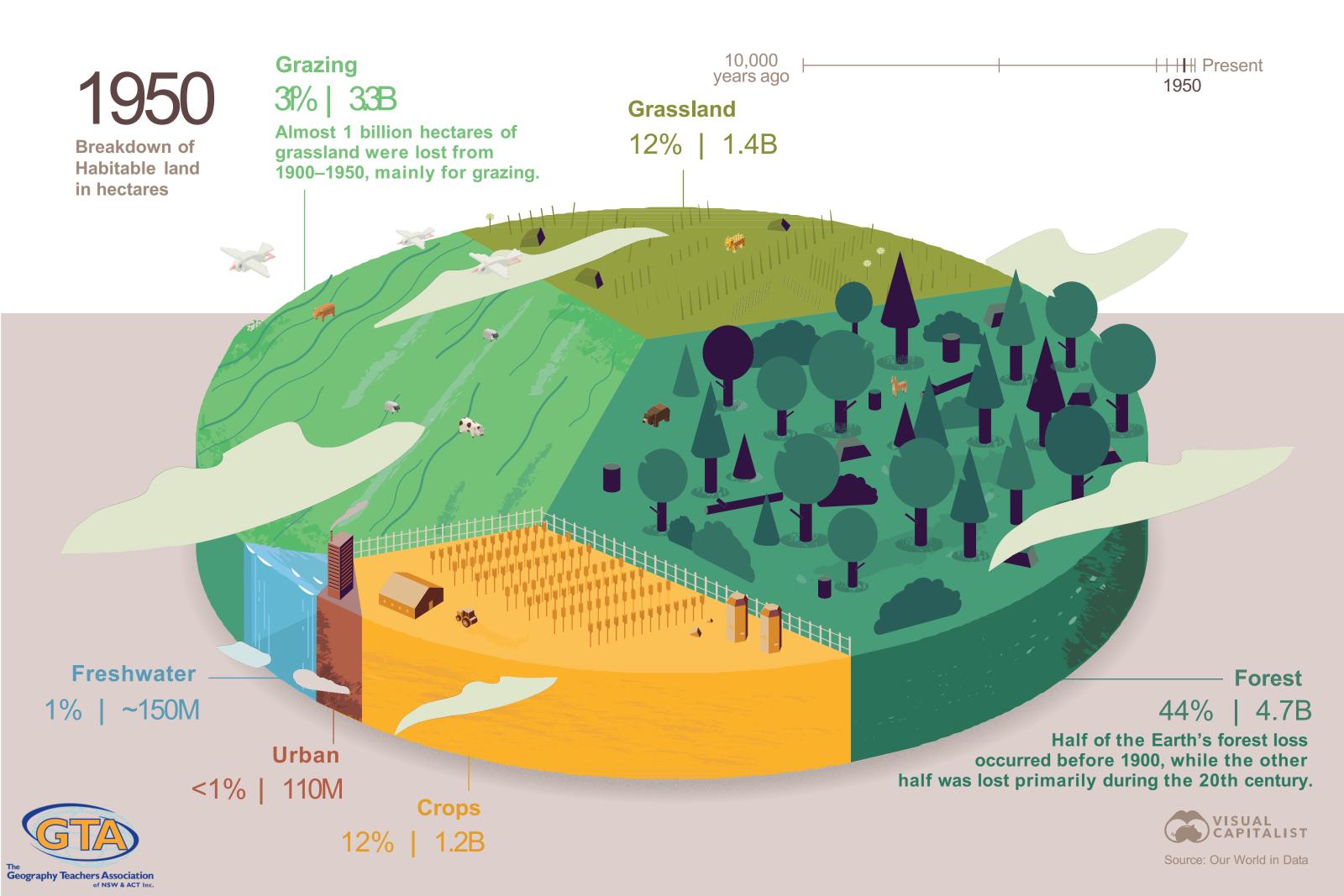


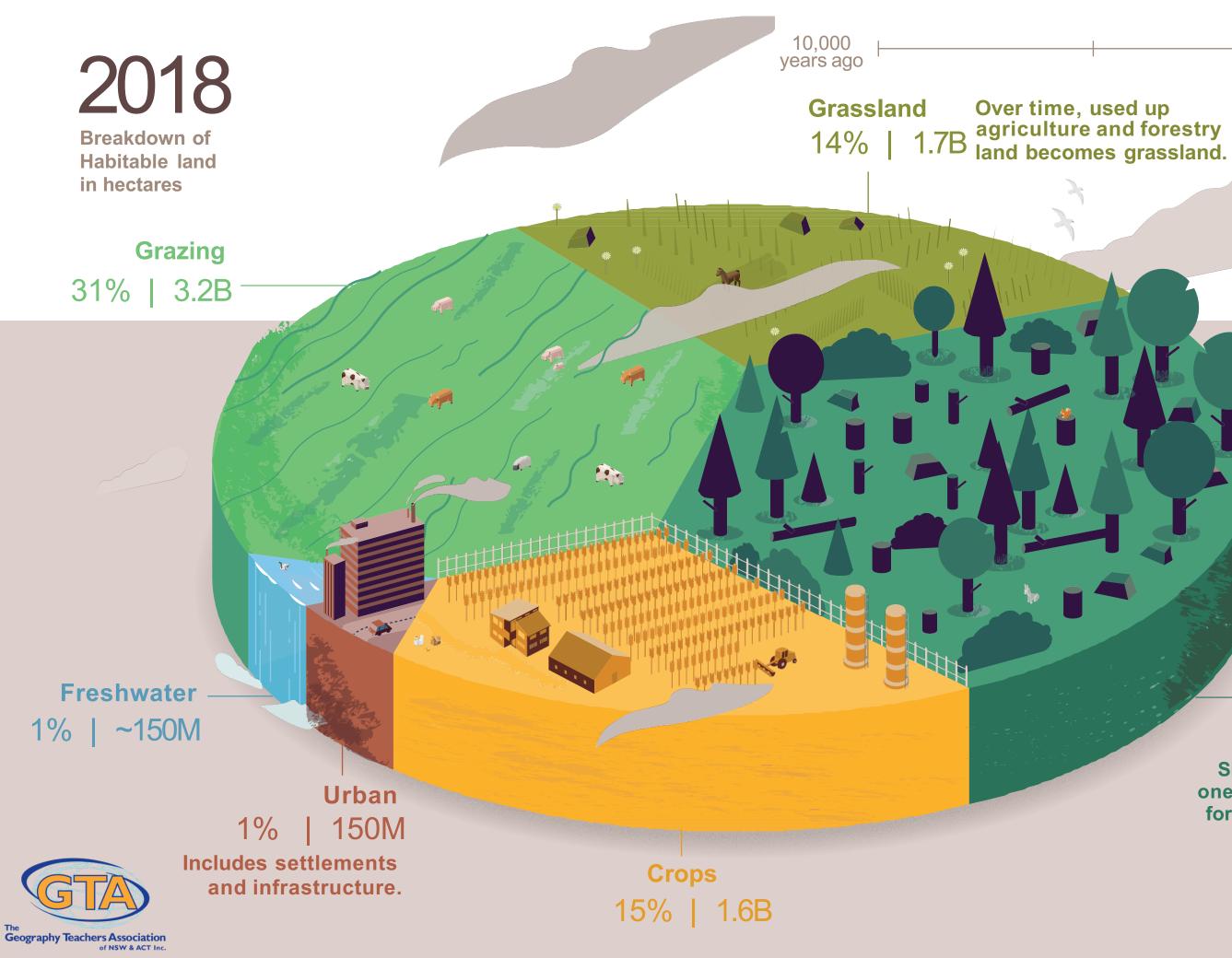


As easily accessible grassland became used up, forests (which have very fertile soil) were also cleared to make room for crops and livestock.











100

Forest 38% | 4.0B

Since the last ice age, one-third of the world's forests have been lost.

